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## GENERAL

# 1. Relaxation of China trade sanctions after Korean armistice foreseen:

A British Foreign Office official predicts early relaxation by smaller UN nations of restrictions on trade with Communist China following a Korean armistice. The Foreign Office doubts that Britain will be able to hold the line in controlling

Comment: Various of the smaller nations' delegates on the China Committee, particularly the Danish, have repeatedly questioned whether the committee's work on determining embargo criteria for China will continue after a truce in Korea.

#### SOVIET UNION

# 2. Comment on 1953 Soviet state loan:

trade with China if other nations relax.

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The Soviet announcement of a 1953 state loan only half as large as the 1951 and 1952 loans suggests that the Malenkov regime has gone even further than previously indicated in shifting resources from heavy industry production to consumer goods. The loan is as much a means of limiting consumer purchasing power as it is of obtaining funds for "development" of the national economy.

In the past two years, the state loan has provided about seven percent of budgetary revenues. The bonds will theoretically be redeemable in 1973, but in the past such loans have in effect been repudiated before the redemption date, as in the case of Czechoslovakia's recent currency reform. These "voluntary" loans are always oversubscribed because they are collected automatically by payroll deductions.

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on these points as bearing on the good faith and ability of the UN

who are unwilling to be repatriated remain under UN Command control, according to a press report of 23 June.

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#### SOUTHEAST ASIA

7.	French high commissioner fears	Cambodian	unrest	and	favors	grant
	of independence:					

The French high commissioner in Phnom Penh told the American charge on 22 June that he fears the king may have so excited the Cambodian people that it will be difficult

to keep control until a French government can act. He believes that once France has a government, differences with Cambodia can be settled and he is prepared to go to Paris to argue the need for Cambodian independence.

The charge noted that the king's actions were apparently producing results, since the high commissioner had not previously spoken so resignedly regarding Cambodian demands.

Comment: While there is no evidence of an imminent revolt in Cambodia, the king's increasing association with anti-French elements and a sense of frustration might impel him to initiate an uprising unless very substantial concessions are soon granted.

A French government could scarcely consider granting independence to Cambodia until it is ready to grant it to Vietnam and Laos also.

# NEAR EAST - AFRICA

8. Resignation of Iranian oil sales director caused by failure of government's oil policy:

Abbas Parkhideh, sales director of the National Iranian Oil Company, told an American embassy official that he resigned on 17 June in order to escape being made the scapegoat for the failure of his government's oil policy.

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Muntasser stated that he expected to conclude negotiations with Britain regarding a base agreement in approximately 10 days and would then be prepared to open similar talks with the United States.

Comment: While Muntasser's position at the head of the government seems assured for the time being, there is no indication that he and the king have resolved their basic differences and that the monarch will discontinue his interference in the country's affairs. This fact and Muntasser's overoptimism make it premature to consider that Libya will soon reach an agreement with Britain and the United States on the base negotiations.

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#### EASTERN EUROPE

# 12. Comment on cancellation of Albanian agricultural debts:

The cancellation of accumulated debts of the Albanian peasantry for the years 1949 through 1952, decreed by the Albanian Council of Ministers on 22 June, is the first relaxation of the socialization program in any of the Satellites except East Germany since Stalin's death. This announcement marks a reversal of agricultural policy in Albania, where as recently as 19 May the Council of Ministers decreed that unfulfilled collection quotas for 1952 were to be met by the peasants in addition to those for 1953.

According to the new decree, unfulfilled payments of cereals, vegetables, fodder crops, and dairy products are to be cancelled. The announcement also called for the immediate revamping of crop collection legislation, "in connection with other favorable measures to the peasantry."

13.	No	disturbances	observed	in	Poland	following	East	German	outbreaks:
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	No unusual security precautions were observed in Poland by an officer of the American embassy in Warsaw who traveled from Berlin to Warsaw on 22 June. This contrasts with the Russian
soldiers stationed at st	rategic points along the rail line in East Germany.

Other officers of the embassy who just completed three-day automobile trips through southern and western Poland reported that they had observed no indications of disturbances.

Comment: It is in this area of Poland, as well as in Warsaw, that a tightening of security would be expected to occur first if the regime were fearful of spontaneous outbreaks. No popular demonstrations or increased security measures have been reported in any of the Satellite countries following the East German demonstrations, although the news spread quickly throughout the Communist bloc.

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# WESTERN EUROPE

# 14. Churchill's motives in anticipated British policy statement assessed:

Chancellor of the Exchequer Butler states that Prime Minister Churchill will almost certainly make a foreign policy declaration before leaving for Bermuda in which he will

again express an "independent" British attitude. Butler observes that Churchill's statement will be aimed at convincing public opinion that Britain is cooperating with the United States as an independent, if not equal partner. Such statements will in no way affect the British government's "complete devotion" to Anglo-American cooperation as fundamental to its foreign policy.

Ambassador Aldrich comments that Churchill is impelled to assert his "independence" by domestic political considerations, his concept of his own historical role, and strong Commonwealth support. He feels confident that the prime minister greatly desires the Bermuda conference to reaffirm the identity of British and American objectives.

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